# RIGHT AND MONEYED MIGHT

State of Illinois Attacks the Octopus Chicago Gas Trust.

CASE IN THE CIRCUIT COURT

Petitions to Institute Proceedings Filed Afte the Close of the Stock Market Yesterday. Four Nominally Separate Companies Doing Business Under a Single Head.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 24.-The war of the state of Illinois against the great Chicago gas trust began to-day in the circuit court of Cook county.

Attorney General Maloney and two brilliant assistant attorneys general and a formidable array of legal talent, respresenting property owners of the city of Chicago, are to prosecute the quo warranto proceedings, and if the state is successful the charter of the gas trust will be revoked and the valuable franchises of the various companies representing the association become worthless as the profit-bearing mediums which have for so many years been favorably listed on the great stock exchanges of the country.

The fliing of the petition of the Attorney General for permission to institute the proceedings of quo warranto was made public shortly after 3 o'clock this afternoon-after the closing of the stock exchanges of the country in order that the matter might not be made a means of influencing the market so that the effect on the exchanges will not become apparent until to-morrow morning.

The interest on the street and in commer-cial circles, however, have been intense, and the office of the Attorney General in this city was besieged by anxious inquirers immedi-ntely after the news became public. To a re-porter of the Associated Press the Attorney General said: "I have begun these proceed-ings after careful deliberation and painstak-ing investigation, and because I think the people of the state of Illinois have a just com-plaint against this trust. There has been no time in my career in which I have posed as an anti-corporation man, for I believe the corporations have rights under the constitu-The interest on the street and in comm corporations have rights under the constitution and the laws which should be respected. tion and the laws which should be respected. But when they disregard the laws of the state and combine their capital and their franchises to oppress the people it is the duty of the law officers of the state to wage a war for the disintegration of the unlawful com-

bination.

"That is what I have asked to do in the petition to-day, filed in the circuit court of Cook county, and, of course, the court will open its doors to the cause of the people. I merely want to say that I have begun this suit upon my own responsibility and in utter disregard of the strictures that have been so or requestly made on various sides. If I lose the suit which I am about to wage to dissolve this trust, I alone will take the responsibility; if I win it and rescue the public from the extertions to which I believe it has been unlawfully subjected, I desire whatever credit the people of the state of Illinois are willing to

people of the state of Illinois are willing to accord one who has not been coerced into the perforance of an official duty.

"I know what is at stake, and when this warfare is ended I will be willing to be weighed in the balance of public opinion."

In the preliminary statement of his petition the Attorney General says: "When the petition and evidence in this case was presented to me I notified the representative of the different corporations of that fact. I felt it to be my duty to do so, for the reason that large property interests were involved and fair play demanded that I give those corporations and their representatives an opportunity to be heard before evoking the aid of the courts of this state to pass judgments on acts and con-

duct.
"For, if successful, it meant to them and

duty it is to protect every regimmate property interest in the State,"

After detailing the well-known facts of the organization of the various companies, from which the trust was later created, the petition

continues;
"It is further charged in a verified petition, supported by affidavits and other documentary evidence that these four corporations are in a trust; that all of said corporations have, practically, a common board of directors, that is to say, all, or mostly all of the directors are the corporations. are in one or the other of the constituent cor-porations, and in some instances, that the en-tire body of directors of one company consti-tuic, with a few additions, the board of direc-tors of another; that every act of the consti-

standing and common purpose.
"That the same hand and head, or hands and heads direct every movement of these artificial beings, and that the directions is toward a common end, and indicates a com-mon origin, a common purpose, a combina-tion for furthering their own interests, that tion for furthering their own interests, that competition, or any incentive toward compe-tition, between them is entirely destroyed; that the promoters of this scheme have and possess the stock of the four constituent cor-porations to the extent already mentioned, (that is that they owned 292,611 of the 298,-363 shares issued and sold by them); that all the stock as obtained was cancelled by these four corporations and new stock for an equal or like amount issued directly, to the Chicago Gas Trust Company."

Threw a Fortune Overboard.

ago the crew of the fishing steamer Capitaine found a lump of white looking substance while cruising about a hundred miles from the coast. The stuff was kept for some time as a curiosity, but finally they threw it overboard after cutting off a small piece. On their return the piece saved was examined by several experts, who declared it was ambe gris. As the lump weighed close on to 100 pounds its estimated value is \$250,000. A party has now gone up with a diver to search

Suspicions of Malpractice.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 24.-Miss Sally Amiss died to-day, after an illness of two days. Peritonitis was the cause. There was a sensation to-night when Dr. E. J. Dennison was failed on the charge of murder and held without bail for performing an abortion on the daughter of Henry Amiss a prominent citizen. Particulars of the scandal are yet kept quiet, but will come out at the inquest

Indianapolis, April 24.—The Indianapolis (Seventh) district Republican nominating convention this afternoon nominated Charles L. Henry, of Madison county, for Congress.

Outhwaite Declares Himself. Columbus, Ohio, April 24.—Congressman

Fires and Accidents.

Saranc Lake house, one of the largest finest, and best patronized houses of the mountains, was completely destroyed by fire early this morning.

Winston, N. C., April 24.—Fire to-day destroyed the residence, stable, and factory of I. W. Farar. Three houses and a cow were burned to death. Loss about \$12,000; partially insured.

Pirrsaura, Pa., April 24.—An explosion of a quantity of dynamite stored in a blacksmith shop on Natcher street, Mount Washington, at 4.30 p. m., wrocking the building, probably fatally injuring two persons and hurting four others.

WOULD RATHER ROT IN JAIL. Editor Edward Rosewater Incarcerated for

Thirty Days for Contempt of Court. OMAHA, April 24.—Edward Rosewater, editor of the Bee, was to-day sentenced for thirty days and a fine of \$500 for contempt of court. Mr. Rosewater was ordered taken to jail, and for six hours was behind the bars. At 6 o'clock the state supreme court granted supercedas and Mr. Rosewater was released.

cedas and Mr. Rosewater was released.

The facts in the article printed were not denied, but Judge C. R. Scott, who had dismissed the case in question, felt aggrieved at the word "pull" used in it, and had the reporter who wrote the matter brought before him for contempt. The reporter was sent up for thirty days, and then Judge Scott arraigned the editor. The editor interrupted the court with a demand that he be heard. This the court refused to grant, but Mr. Rosewater, after much confusion, said:

"It is a monstrous doctrine. I had rather rot in forty jails and prisons than to surrender what has been fought for by the fathers of this Republic, the liberty of the press to criticise public servants. I shall cheerfully submit to this ordeal. It will not hurt me. If there is anything that I am guilty of, it was the contempt for my fellow citizens for helping this 'late Col, Scott' to become a Judge of the court."

court."
Judge Scott ordered the sheriff to hurry

FRANK HATTON STRICKEN.

A Partial Stroke of Apoplexy in His Office

Frank Hatton, editor of the Washington Post, was stricken with paralysis yesterday in his office at the Post building. He was taken as promptly as possible to his home in Hillyer place, where he lies in a critical condition. The paralysis is only partial, how-ever, and the physicians express hopes that

he may recover.

It was about one o'clock in the afternoon It was about one o'clock in the afternoon when Mr. Hatton received the first warning of the attack. He immediately called down a tube, which runs from his office to that occupled by Mr. Wilkins, asking him to come to him at once. Mr. Wilkins hastened to Mr. Hatton's room on the third floor. As he entered Mr. Hatton told him that he felt very tered air. Hatton told him that he left very strangely and that he feared a stroke of pa-ralysis. He explained that there was no feel-ing in his right side and that he could not raise his right hand to his head. Mr. Wil-kins tried to reassure him and said that it was probably nothing more serious than an acute attack of indigestion.

attack of indigestion.

"But you do not know how I feel," he said.
Even then his articulation and the drawn appearance of his right cheek showed that his fears were realized. A physician was immediately called, but it was nearly half an hour before he arrived. In the meantime, the sufferer had lost consciousness. The doctor said that a clot of blood had formed on the brain, and that the case was a serious one. An ambulance from the Emergency hospital was called and Mr. Hatton was taken home. Three physicians were soon in attendance Three physicians were soon in attendance at the bedside of the sufferer. They reported at 3 o'clock that he was much improved, although his condition was still serious. He had regained consciousness and was able to recognize those in the room. The physicians had been able to check the hemorrhage of the brain.

brain.

At 9 o'clock in the evening Dr. Sowers said that Mr. Hatton was resting without pain. The paralysis was not total as was at first feared, but was confined to the right side. He appeared to be wholly conscious, but was unable to articulate. The physicians held out more hope than they did in the afternoon. Mr. Hatton was resting comfortably at a late hour last night, and his physicians considered his condition slightly improved. During the evening he was able to speak a few words. His son, Richard Hatton, had arrived from Princeton.

Prittsbung, Pa. April 24 .- Miss Mary Gallagher, aged 21, was found dead in bed at her boarding house, 169 Arch street, Allegheny, at 8,30 o'clock this morning. The cause of death was suicide. By her side was a glass partly "For, if successful, it meant to them and each of them corporate death; if not, then a grievous and almost irreparable wrong would have been done them by the hasty and inconsiderate action of a state officer, whose sworn appear. She expressed sorrow about the matter, and, in referring to a younger brother, said she hoped they would be kinder to him than they had been to her.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 24.-Carloads of whisky are being received here, and saloons Beer is on tap at all places at 5 cents a glass. No effort has been made to stop the sale and proprietors are making no effort to conceal their business. Prohibitionists threaten to their business. Prohibitionists threaten to take a hand and have arrests made to test

whether prohibition exists. So far, however, no warrants have been sworn out. It is un-derstood that the supreme court is anxious to give a speedy hearing to test the case if one can be brought before it. Hoosier Republicans Convene.

the state Republican convention to be held to-morrow in this city will be by far the largest ever held in the state. Seventeen hundred and fifteen delegates will vote for the candiand lifteen delegates will vote for the candi-date, the largest previous convention having comprised 1,200 delegates, Ex-Secretary of the Navy Richard W. Thompson, of Terre Haute, will likely be chosen as president of the convention. Gen. Harrison is expected to make some remarks concerning national affairs, and his close friends say that he will

talk unreservedly and plainly. Beck's Strange Death. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 24.-Albert T. Beck, a well-known lawyer of this city, and formerly law partner of Congressman Bynum, was found dead on the floor of his sleeping room this morning. A shot was heard by the family about 3 o'clock. When Mr. Beek failed to respond to a call at 7 o'clock his room was entered and his body was found lying partially dressed with a bullet in his bowels. The floor was covered with blood and the window off the porch was open. While the suggestion of murder has been made his friends think it is a case of murder.

CHICAGO, April 24 .- A sensational story is printed here to-day to the effect that Gen. printed here to-day to the effect that Gen. Sullivan, on his own statement, has made arrangements with the Baltimore and Ohio railroad for transporting 5,000 iron moulders in box ears to Washington. They propose to leave the city on Thursday. Baltimore and Ohio officials, both of passenger and freight departments, deny that there is any truth in the story so far as their road is concerned. They said they had not even been consulted in regard to the matter. n regard to the matter.

Against Cobble Stone Paveing. Senator McMillan yesterday introduced a joint resolution requiring that hereafter no street railway shall pave or repave the spac between the tracks with cobblestones.

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 24.—The striking stitchers at Kimball Broa, shoeshop have scored a decisive victory. All troubles were satisfac-torily settled to-day, and to-morrow morning the 400 operatives will return to work at their former

OPEN AIR COXEY MEETING

Smith, the "Unknown," Addresses Commonwealers from a Box.

PIVE DETECTIVES PRESENT

They Anticipate Excitement, but Were Disappointed in This Line-Keen Interest Taken in the Meeting and Perfect Tranquility Maintained-Many Shake Hands.

There was an audience of about 250 persons ssembled last night in the stable yard adotning the Tyson hotel, at the corner of Seventh and P streets northwest, to listen to terious representative of the Coxey army.

peace was broken only by frequent applause. In contrast to the unfinished condition

appearance and attire of the speaker, a refined and easy personage, nearly six feet in height, solidly built, and possesses a full-grown moustache. Last night he was neatly dressed, wore a wellpolished pair of riding boots, buff trousers, a dark brown corduroy coat and vest, with an

the desire of the commonweal to alter things so that men who wished to be honest could

by hard work and struggie, is classified as a jay and has seorn heaped upon him for this reason, and is dubbed a crank or arrested for vagrancy. It is this condition that must be changed. While on the road with his detachment number of men had come to him looking like travers to all contents are reconstructed. tachment number of men had come to him looking like tramps to all outward appearance, but when they were given good clothes they later returned looking very respectable. He said that the people who were coming were good clitzens, without work, but needed help and it was the duty of the people as American clitzens and as man to man to extend their aid to them.

When he had finished speaking the crowd pressed about him to shake his hand. Mr. Smith is not Mr. Smith, and whoever he is or where he hails from he keeps securely locked up with his own generous convictions. He appears to take a great deal of delight in obscuring his identity, but it was learned that he comes from a much respected family in Ken-

vance. He had met Col. Redstone at Rock-ville, and been in conversation with him the greater part of Sunday.

It was rumored that there were five de-tectives at the meeting last night to observe the nature of his remarks to see if there was anything said that might arouse or excite the public, and one of the detectives was the first man to shake bands with Mr. Unknown

at the conclusion of his speech.

Whether Mr. Unknown is a crank or not he certainly talks in a perfectly rational manner, and firmly believes that he is doing the best thing in his power to benefit mankind. He will speak again to-night at 8 o'clock.

ARMING THE TREASURY.

ers to the Treasary's supply of arms.

The normal strength of the watch force of Treasury is seventy men, divided into two reliefs, and in addition to two or three dozen revolvers there has always been thirty-five carbines in the racks in the office of the cap-

thin of the watch, sumerate to supply one to each watchman on duty.

It has been thought best, however, to in-crease the supply in view of the crowds of hangers on of Coxey's army that are expected to arrive in the city during the coming week. The captain of the "Treasury Guard," a local military organization composed entirely of clerks in the Treasury Department, yester-day informed the captain of the watch force that in case of trouble at any hour of the day or night he could have every man in his com-mand at the Treasury building inside of forty-

sion to speak from the tallyho on the prominent highways. This prominent highways. This o'clock the Commissioners will give the committee a hearing and make their reply.

SPOTTED THE MAN

Pinkerton Man Sailing Under Fals Pretenses with the Coxey Army.

A Times man was passing Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue, just after the adjournment of the Coxeyite meeting at Reckabite hall, yesterday. Several common-wealers were standing on the corner, and one a tall, slim, handsome slip of a young fellow

"Boys, did any of you notice that red-headed fellow taking notes at our meeting this afternoon?"

None had noticed him.

"Well, he was no Washington reporter.

told me he was out af work, and in symputhy with us; would join our army, and so on. You ought to see the clothes he had on to-day! Fine! After awhile you will see him in rags and tatters. But I have an eye on him. If we fall in our endeavors, that man will never escape alive!"

Coxey and the Commonweal Revive

The speaker occupied a typical outdoor platform constructed of a couple of large pine boxes with a rough railing and dilapitated roof and a gasoline light suspended at either end. All of the auditors occupied positions more or less in harmony with the situation. Some vere seated on boxes, some on wheels and the tops of wagons, but the majority were standing. There was not the slightest demonstration of hoodlumism or hooting, and the

of the surroundings was noticeable the

a dark brown corduror coat and vest, with an unoffending gold watch chain. A fresh white standing coliar and shirt, light brown necktic and riding cap topped off his appearance. For about an hour did he interest his listeners with the toils, troubles and woes which the people are now suffering. He marrated at length as to what was going on in the Coxey band, the many adventures they had experienced, and the intentions for which they were marching on to Washington. He said that in the present status of affairs it was a difficulty for men to be honest, and it was the desire of the commonweal to alter things

It is often the case, said the Unknown, that a man coming into the city wearing poor clothes and with a countenance superinduced

comes from a much respected family in Kentucky.

Last night Mr. Unknown stated to The Times that he was not taking part in this Coxey move for any personal gain, as he was possessed of sufficient income to keep him in comfortable circumstances without imploring ald from Congress or any one else. His motive was purely for the relief of thousands of persons whom he knew were suffering all over the country, and was inspired by his sympathy for humanity. His appearance and the earnest manner in which he spoke did not belie his words. After his difficulty with Browne he started toward Washington, and at Rockville a large number of commonwealers, who preferred his authority to that

weaters, who preferred his authority to that of any one else, joined him, and he now claims to have an army of 580 in that town ready to move toward the capital.

When Mr. Unknown left Frostburg he had stopped at various towns on the route and entirely changed the sentiment of the people.

He says that he has spent over \$300 in pre-paring for the resultion of the army in the paring for the reception of the army in ad-vance. He had met Col. Redstone at Rock-

Officials will Take no Chances on the Com ing Coxeyites. The Treasury officials, while disclaiming

any fears of trouble on account of the presence of the crowds incident to the coming of Coxey's army, have taken the precaution of adding fifty-five earbines and twenty revolv

tain of the watch, sufficient to supply one to

The commonweal committee on permit and locations presented a petition to the Commissioners yesterday requesting permis

"Well, he was no Washington reporter. That's a rascal I've had my eye on ever since I left Massillon. He's a Pinkerton detective. He travels with Coxey part of the time, and part of the time he goes in advance to attend meetings like the one we held to-day. I am going to call upon him, personally, and quietly tell him to 'git.'"
"Don't have any trouble," said a stout, fine-looking young man. It is true that he ought to be shot down like a mad deg, but for God's sake don't do it; don't have any trouble."

escape alive!"

"Good for you!" said a Coxey stander-by,
"I am willing to submit to the legalized officers of the land, but, by \_\_\_\_, I will never
submit to a Pinkerton pimp!"

"Nor I," said another.

"Nor I," and so it went around.

COL. REDSTONE RETURNS.

Says a Posse of Frederick Deputies Apolo-gized for Their Official Presence. The Washington representative of the Coxey army, Col. A. E. Redstone, returned late last night from his visit to the comm weal camp at Boonesboro, Md. A Times man called upon him at his office shortly after his return and found him well pleased with the

result of his visit.

Col. Redstone said that he did not know Col. Redstone said that he did not know just how many the army numbered, but that it was all right both as to quality and quantity. "Mr. Coxey." he said, "returned from New York yesterday, joining the army at Frederick, and appears perfectly satisfied. All along the route the army was received with the utmost enthusiasm, and at Frederick the whole town turned out to meet the procession, and as it passed down the street, flags floated from the windows and handkerchiefs were waved by the spectators lined up along the sidewalk.

flags floated from the windows and handkerchiefs were waved by the spectators lined up
along the sidewalk.

"About four or five miles from Frederick
we were met by a sheriff's posse of forty men,
who apologized for their presence in their
official capacity, saying that they had been
sent out by a judge, while they themselves
heartily condemned the action. About two
miles from the city we were met by the
Frederick Independent Drum Corps, which
took its position at the head of the column,
and escorted us into the city, through the
principal streets and to the piace of meeting.
"I was treated cordially by the army. I
was met by Mr. Browne, who at once placed
a badge similar to the one worn by himself,
upon me. I met the army about two and a
half miles from Boonesboro, and Mr. Browne,
Mr. Coxey being absent, dimounted and welcomed me, introducing me as one of his
aides. I was then seated in Mr. Coxey's
phaeton and driven into the city, where
Browne made a three-hours' speech before an
immense crowd which gathered from the
surrounding country."

### FORERUNNERS OF COXEY.

The Two Whites Present Themselves and

Washington headquarters of the Con weal of Christ in Rechabite hall were resplendent yesterday with the sheen of a gorgeous silken banner sent by supporters in gorgeous sliken banner sent by supporters in Kansas City. It is fifteen feet long by seven wide, and the red and white stripes of the United States flag were lost in the center of an immense blue field with a dazzling sun-burst surmounted by seven glit stars bear-ing the letters of the word "Liberty." The two most conspicuous personages about the place were the two Whites, whose mission and identity are best explained by the letter of introduction which they brought. It fol-lows:

lows:

of introduction which they brought. It follows:

Good Roads, Good Money, Plenty of Work.
CHIEF Marshal's Headquarter's of the ComMonweal of Christ. In the Field, Capf MidHurst, April 21, 1890.
Comrade Redstrone, Washington Agent, Commonweal of Christ.
Dear Router—This will please introduce to
you Brother W. D. White, of commune C. Chicago community of the commonweal of Christ;
also Brother R. J. White, of commune R, of the
commonweal of Christ. They represent the advance guard, the only authorized advance
guards or heralds of our coming. They also
represent in their persons the union of "blue
and gray; Brother W. D. White was sergeant in
company A. Nineteenth Ohlo, U. S. A., during
the war of the rebellion, and Brother R. J.
White was private in company I, Sixty-first Virginia, C. S. A., same war. They have marched
over the mountains with us, stopping with old
courades or paying their own expenses. Their
presence will emphasize the fact that the war of
the rebellion is over. Treat them well until our
arrival there, when they will return to our camp
on the banks of the Petomae again on the field,
not for war, but for peace. Cast Browne.
Chief Marshal of the Commonweal of Christ.
Both are very intelligent men. W. D.
White served under Senator Manderson in

Both are very intelligent men. W. D. White served under Senator Manderson in the war, has been an employe of the Westinghouse Electric Light Company, and had three ribs and an arm broken in the fire at the cold

Coxey's men are orderly, law abiding citizens from whom Washington has nothing to fear. They believe that Glen Echo will be selected for the Washington camping place of the army, a spot on the edge of the city where there was an unsuccessful attempt by real estate men two years ago to establish a chautauqua assembly, and which had been offered to the army by its proprietors.

An appeal for contributions of money and provisions from the public has been issued by the local committee, which includes among its members, the wife of Representative John Davis, of Kan-as, ex-Representative Wise, of Arizona, and Rev. Alexander Kent, the pastor of an unattached church here.

Arizona, and Rev. Alexander Kent, the pastor of an unattached church here.

One of the most prominent labor leaders of the city, M. F. Hobbs, whose name has been connected with Coxey's crusade, repudiates it. He says, "so far as I know, labor organizations intend to give no support to this movement. As citizens they are interested in seeing that Coxey's men are not deprived of their rights, but if the visitors violate the laws they will receive no support from organized labor."

## FORGER AND THIEF.

Clifton Talbert Caught with a Bicycle Ob

tained by Forgery. Clifton Talbert, a young forger and blevel thief, was captured at Hyattsville yesterday evening by Private Bicycle Detective B. E. Dakin with one of the bicycles he had stolen He was brought to the city and locked up and will appear in police court this morning.

parents at Laures, and, Four dimerent bicycle thefts are traced to him.
About noon yesterday he walked into the
bicycle store of H. W. Higham, on Pennsylvania avenue, purchased a bicycle and presented a check of Charles E. Miller, of No. vania avenue, partial a sented a check of Charles E. Miller, of No. 1113 Fourteenth street, in payment, After Talbert had left, the suspicions of the dealer were aroused in regard to the check, and upon investigation it was found to be forged.

The detectives were soon on the track of young Talbert and traced him to Hyattsville, where he had ridden on the wheel. At that point he had expected to take the train for Laurel, but before doing so was captured.

Belt Line Hearing. Senators Faulkner, McMillan and Hans District Committee in charge of the Belt Line extension bill, will grant a hearing tomorrow to all persons interested in the bill.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVIIES.

New Haven, Conn., April 24.—The arrangements for the Yale-Harvard debate, which will take place Friday evening in this city, have been completed. JERSEY CITY, N. J. April 24.—The Am JERSEY CITY, N. J. April 24.—The Am JERSEY CITY, N. J. April 24.—The Amount of the principal of the princi

sough.

Albany, N. Y., April 24.—By judgment of the court of appeals to-day the New York, New Haven and hartford railroad is compelled to pay the state \$7.000 for violating the laws by failing to heat their cars with steam. The company used stoves for heaters.

used stoves for heaters.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., April 24.—The large boiler in Houser & Fount's tile milis, eight miles enat of here, exploded to-day, killing Arthur Anson, an employe, and seriously injuring both proprietors. Houser cannot recover.

THENTON, N. J., April 24.—Jesse C. Hansee, a Hoboken pension agent, was this morning arraigned in the United States district court on seven indictments charging him with pension frauds. He pleaded not guilty, and was held in \$1.500 bail on each indictment. between the San Francisco and Sacramento divisions, to the latter of which Spead be-longs. The mob quieted down during the afternoon, but many of the Sacramento people announced their intention to split at Atlantic and follow Spead to Washington. \$1,500 bail on each indictment.

BAITIMORE, Md., April 24.—A special from Crisfield, Md., asys there is intense feeling over the Warton decision of the supreme court on the oyster question, and quotes leading citizens of the county as being favorable to retailation the county as being favorable to retailation.

Coxey and the Commonweal Revive Memories of War Times.

THE ARMY IS-STILL CHEERPUL

Money Comes in and Massillon Farmers Agree to Put in Coxey's Seed for Him if He Is Detained - Frederick People Disgusted with Their Officials.

FREDERICK, April 24.—Gen. Coxey returned to the commonweal army to-day and was received with cheers on the very spot where stood the house of old Barbara Fritchie, who has done more than anyone elso to make Frederick town famous.

Mr. Coxey was well pleased with the result of his New York expedition. He said that the trunk line roads had not decided whether or not they would give reduced rates to Washington on May 1. There was to be a special meeting of the trunk line managers to-day, he said, and their decision would be telegraphed

In commenting on the manifesto of the District Commissioners Mr. Coxey said that it was just what might be expected under the circumstances. There was no need of any preparatory proclamations by the District auhorities as to the order they were going to preserve, and the whole thing was the same sort of bluster that had been made by Mayor Fleming, of Frederick, when he declared that the commonwood should never parade his town and then allowed the proce rectly under the noses of thirty deputy

sheriffs,
While in New York Mr. Coxey said he had
been offered the use of Woodley Park, outside of Washington, as a campground for
the army. This he said is one of the most
beautiful of the suburban real estate divisions

beautiful of the suburban real estate divisions about Washington, with good roads, wood, grass, and close to Rock creek, and an abundant water supply. The offer was made by Mrs. H. P. Waggaman, one of the owners of the tract, whom Mr. Coxey had met at Tattersall's during the horse sales.

The offer has not yet been accepted, but a conference between Browne and Coxey on the subject will be held to-morrow. During his stay in New York, Mr. Coxey addressed a large meeting of the industrial league, and he is invited to return to New York on Saturday to lecture at the Grand Opera House, for the benefit of the movement.

the benefit of the movement.

To-night two other encouraging pieces of news were received by Mr. Coxey, one in the form of a note from Congressman Coffeen, of Wyoming, enclosing \$50, with his blessing on

Wyoming, enclosing \$50, with his blessing on the commonweal movement.

The Massilion farmers who were opposed to Coxey and the commonweal when the start was made a month ago have also changed their opinion, and written saying that should Mr. Coxey be detained in Washington beyond the time of Spring plowing they would see that sil nis crops were planted without his returning to superintend the work.

The reception of the commonweal in Frederick was a complete surprise to the commonwealers themselves. They were met near the county line by a posse of thirty mounted leputies under Sheriff Zimmerman and escorted into town.

deputies under Sheriff Zimmerman and escorted into town.

But the people of the city were more disgusted over calling out the sheriff's deputies
than were the Coxey men, for the deputies
were all being paid at \$3 a day out of the
people's pockets, and it has already been denounced as a political job.

The deputies are anxious to prolong their
service as much as possible, and the order has
been that they shall stay with the commonweal night and day until it is out of the
county. Therefore they have have been trying to-night to induce Coxey to camp here
for a day or two, while the taxpayers have
been ready to offer a bonus to him to make
Hyattsville on the Montgomery county line
to-morrow night.

been better to appropriate \$250 to buy food for the army than to pay \$1,000 to the steriff's posse to prevent the

iff's posse to prevent the army from commit-ting depredations that they never contem-piated.

The Coxeyites are well satisfied to stand by and see themselves fought over, while the prospects for a private subscription for pro-visions by the merchants of the town is good.

It was decided at a late meeting between Coxey and Browne this evening to hold the commonweal in camp at the baseball park, where they are very well provided for, and move to Hyattsville on Thursday. But the town authorities decided at the same time to discharge the deputies, so they will not draw discharge the deputies, so they will not draw

890 a day out of the county treasury during the stop over.

The commonweal army is growing, nearly 300 men marched out of Camp Daniel Boone this morning. They were joined by strag-giers along the road, and in Frederick they found another party of thirty-five men under "Windy" White, the trumpeter discharged at Williamsport last week. White was not taken back into the fold, but his recruits were ac-cepted and enroiled.

back into the fold, but his recruits were accepted and enrolled.

The party of thirty-five will be sent around by the old route to Ridgeville, Damascus, and Laytonsville, which was to have been traveled by the main body on their march. Mr. Coxey said that this was to divide the foraging ground between the two parties, but the general impression is that there are other bodies camped along the route awaiting the coming of the hain body, and the squad of thirty-five will act as a nucleus to pick up to these additional companies.

The stop of one day in Frederick will not make any difference in the time of reaching Rockville, as that distance can be easily made in three days and the army is not due there

Rockville, as that distance can be easily made in three days and the army is not due there till Saturday. The trip from Boonesbore to Frederick to-day was sixteen miles, a long day's march for the men and devoid of any especial incident, aside from the meeting with S-eriff Zimmerman and his posse at Bolivar.

To-night Browne and Coxyy addressed a large meeting in Junior hall, deferring to the wish of Mayor Fleming that they should not hold a meeting on the street as he had releated concerning his determination not to allow the army to come into town at all. While camp will not be moved to-morrow its name will be changed, as is the custom every day.

They Come to an Issue and May Part

WALKUT, Iowa, April 24.-Another mutin seemed probable to-day, and this time it promised to be more serious than the Neola ncident. Col. Spead, whose popularity with the men is as great as that of the commander, positively refused to obey orders on to-day' march, and it was apparent that any attempt to discipline him would cause a split in the

to discipline him would cause a split in the army.

At last Kelley climbed upon a wagon and began a speech. Men ran from all directions shouting "Kelley," and soon over half the army had gathered about him. He talked quietly and dispassionately, attempting to quell the angry mob. He informed them that a court martial had been held, and that the captain should by a vote of 20 to 3 reduce Spend to the ranks.

"We are going on to Washington," he shouted, "and I believe we will go together." The men cheered voelferously and Kelley ordered them to dinner. This quieted them down and the fight was for a time at least averted.

Swift's Contingent.
PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 24.—When th New England contingent of the Coxey army arrived at Providence this afternoon they through the main streets to Oineyville square.
Contrary to expectations no halt was made at city hall. When Oineyville was reached the commonwealers were taken to Textile hall where they rested until 6 o'clock, when a supper was served. It was a repast such as has not been enjoyed since the army left Boston. There was corn beef, sausages cheese, rye and white bread crackers, coffee, and all kinds of ple. The army expects to start at 11 o'clock to-morrow. Breakfast will be served at Germania hall, after which the army will probably go to Scituate, eight miles. Every Providence policeman went on duty at 3 o'clock to-day and will remain until the army leaves town in case of an emergency.

Battle To BEGIN TO-DAY

LIVINGSTON, Mont., April 24,-Sheriff Cowrow received a dispatch this afternoon from the Helena attorneys for the Northern Pacific railroad, instructing the arrest of Gen. Hogen, on a charge of larceny of a Northern Pacific train, and a warrant has been sworn out by the company's local attorney.

Fry Still Advancing.
Terre Haute, Ind., April 24.—Frye's army

eft here for Brazil at 4 p. m., 260 strong. About sixty were recruits from this vicinity but not more than three citizens. The army chartered a box car from indianapolis and the members will attempt to ride over in it.

ORLAHOMA CITY, Okla., April 24.-A com pany of the commonweal has been organized with an enlistment of 150. WALTER WELLMAN STARTS.

Even in Oklahoma.

Anlebund's Harbor Decorated in Honor of Our Daring Explorer. AALEBUND, Norway, April 24,-The American North Polar expedition, under the comnand of Mr. Walter Wellman, sailed to-day for the island of Spizbergen on the steamer Ragnvold Jarl, which has been chartered for

the purposes of the expedition. Experts here pronounce the steamer to be Experts here pronounce the steamer to be the best feeboat belonging to Norway. The American aluminum boats that the expedition carries are greatly admired here for their strength, beauty, and lightness. As the Ragnvold Jarl left the quay on her voyage to the far north, the stars and stripes were hoisted at the formasthead and salutes were fired. All the shipping in the harbor were decorated with flags in honor of the Arctic explorers. A large fleet of small boats escorted the Ragnvold Jarl out of the harbor.

Prior to the departure of the steamer a large number of cable dispatches expressing well wishes for the success for the expedition were received from the United States.

She Is Still Guarded Against the Wits of the Interviewer. Owing to the exclusive orders given by Miss Pollard that she should be guarded from interviewers, it is as yet impossible to learn, even approximately, of her future plans.

MISS POLLARD IMPROVING.

her suit against Col. Breckinridge Miss Pollard Monday made her appearance outside the Providence hospital.

For the first time since the conclusion of

into Monday made her appearance outside the Providence hospital.

She has gradually been recovering from the nervous prostration which followed a relaxation of the severe strain to which she was subjected during the trial, and has been greatly benefited by rest and quiet. Each day she has grown stronger.

Monday she went outside the building and was improved by the cool, fresh Spring air. Yesterday was raw and a trifle too windy, but hereafter it is probable that she will take daily out-door exercise until her physical health is completely restored.

The sisters have literally obeyed Miss Pollard's request that she should not be interrogated as to her plans for the future until she has become fully rested and had fully considered and reflected upon what would be for the best.

considered and renected upon what would be for the best.

Up to this time she has not mentioned the matter or made any suggestions which would be indicative of having reached a decision. The sisters will do nothing to hasten a con-clusion, but desire that she shall have ample time to mature her plans and act accordingly to her best judgment.

revolver were fired this morning in the courtroom of common pleas in the presence of Judge Bischoff. Not one of them took effect Judge Bischoff. Not one of them took effect and the man who did the shooting is under arrest. He is Michael Donnelly, an iron merchant of 32 Leroy street. The man at whom the shots were fired is P. J. McArdle. Donnelly was the plaintiff in a case against McArdle. They had formerly been partners, and the suit arose over some partnership ac-counting. In court this morning when the case was called Donnelly rave no signs as to case was called Donnelly gave no signs as to what he was about to do. Suddenly he pulled a revolver, pointed it point-blank at McArdle, and fired. The uproar in the court was ter-rific. The attendants could not quell the dis-order. Donnelly had fired three shots before he was arrested. Then he was rushed around

to the city police station. McArdle was un-

out ahead of the shell yesterday in a test at Indian Head. A 12-inch Wheeler shell, representing a lot offered for acceptance, was fired at a 13-inch nickle-steel Harveyized plate. The shell got through and into the backing, but was then broken up, so they were declared not up to the standard. There was also an interup to the standard. There was also an inter-esting test to ascertain the effect of oak back-ing as an aid to the resisting qualities of a plate. In this case a 6-inch shell was fired at a 6-inch plate. When the plate was without backing the shot plumped through it and cracked the plate at a velocity of 2,600 feet per second. When the plate was backed up and a shot sent into it, traveling 1,800 feet per second, the shot was broken up. The result

London, April 24.-Mr. Henry Labouchere, the Radical leader, introduced a bill in the House of Commons providing that if a measure is passed by the House of Commons and sent to the House of Lords and is not returned to the former body within two months turned to the former body within two months from the time it was passed by the House of Commons, then it shall become a law the same as though the House of Lords had acted upon it. The bill also provides that the House of Commons shall have it in its power to finally decide whether amendments made to bills by the House of Lords shall be ac-cepted.

Mrs. Lockwood's Admission to the Bar. In the United States Supreme Court yesterday morning Judge E. N. Christian, of Richmond, presented to the court for Mrs. Belva Monad, presented to the court for his. peva A. Lockwood a petition for a mandamus on the members of the supreme court of appeals of Virginia to compel that court to admit Mrs. Lockwood generally to the bar of the courts of Virginia. If this rule is allowed it will steadle ones to women admission to the will virtually open to women admission to the our in all the southern states.

troduced in the House a bill to prevent the manufacture of clothing in unhealthy places and the sale of clothing so manufactured.

Representative Page, of Rhode Island, has

day the acrimonious debate over M. Garnier office to discuss the strike at the Trigase cel works was resumed. Eventually the cham or shelved the motion by a vote of £8 to 231.

Be Lengthened and Quorums Insisted on By Republicans-Gorman Writes Each Democratic Senator to Be Present.

According to the agreement entered into between the Democrats and Republican Sen-ators, the reading of the tariff bill by paragraphs for amendment will probably begin at 1 o'clock to-day.

The programme now does not include any prepared speech, but if there should be opportunity for one, either Senator Dolph or Senator Quay will probably proceed, as both have

unfinished speeches on hand, It is considered as quite probable that the day will be largely taken up in settling details, one of the most important of which will be as to the limitation of bours of debate. The Republican steering committee and

Senator Gorman held a conference yesterday on the course of action on the tariff bill. Among the Republicans were Senators Aldrich, Allison, Hale, Washburn, Carey and Mitchell. Propositions and counter propositions were made, but no agreement was reached, and it was understood when the con ference broke up that no agreement would be attempted in the Senate, but that the consideration of the bill would be begun at 1 o'clock,

eration of the bill would be begun at I o'clock, and the Republicans informed Mr. Gorman that their side of the chamber would insist on a quorum when any vote was taken on the amendments to the bill.

Senator Gorman wanted the Republicans to agree that the consideration of the bill should continue until 6 o'clock each evening, but to this he did not receive a favorable response, a counter proposition being made that a meeting of the Senate at 11 o'clock would be more satisfactory. satisfactory.

This matter remains in the air, to be settled.

as affairs progress. The Republicans had been informed by Senator Harris that only for this week could any arrangement be made looking to closing each day's session at 6 o'clock, intimating that after that time the hours might be further lengthened.

It is probable that the Republicans will debate the bill each day until there is a lack of a quorum apparent, when they will allow a vote to come upon some amendment to show the absence of a quorum.

Senator Gorman, who is chairman of the Democratic cancer, has written a letter to

Democratic caucus, has written a letter to every Democratic Senator in or out of the city, asking them to attend the session of the Senate for the purpose of pushing the tariff bill. He reminds them that unanimous consent under which the tariff bill has been considered will end to day at noon. sent under which the tariff bill has been considered will end to-day at noon. He says the members of the Finance Committee having immediate charge of the bill intend to push its consideration as rapidly as possible, and to enable them to do so, it will be necessary for every Democratic Senator to be present to-day at 1 o'clock and remain within call during the consideration of the bill.

In view of the fact that there are but fortyfour Democratic Senators, he says it is absolutely necessary that each Senator when arranging his pair shall have a reservation to

duorum.

He says that he is further informed that it is the intention of the Senators in charge of the bill to continue its consideration until six o'clock hereafter, and in order to do so it will require the active co-operation of every Democratic Senator.

This notification is intended to meet just

such exigencies as the Republicans expect to occur, and which will no doubt be manifest every night about five o'clock unless the majority are particularly vigilant.

MADE TO SUIT ALL.

Tariff Bill Will Be Changed, but Income The Democratic Senators continued their onferences yesterday with a view to reaching an agreement upon the tariff bill, whereby it can be so amended as to make sure of the solid Democratic vote in the Senate, The friends of the till feel that it is important to have the measure receive the full party vote, and they also want the hearty support of the entire party in having it passed as speedily as

They wish to get it out of the way of the They wish to get it out of the way of the fall campaign.

In order to know what to do they have made a canvass of the dissatisfied Senators, and think they have arrived at the facts, and are prepared to make the changes which will accomplish the purpose they have in mind. Among the Senators consulted were Messrs.

Hill Marchy Swith Govern Gibeon and Among the Senators constitute were Messars, Hill Murphy, Smith, Gorman, Gibson, and Brice. They find these six to be opposed to the income tax and to the present sugar duty. They will probably make one or two ex-ceptions in granting the demands of the dis-

contented Senators. They asked, for instance, that the income tax be stricken out entirely. This request will hardly be conceded, but this part of the bill will be materially modi-fied.

Not only will the committee be found willing to reduce the limit of income to be taxed and the rate of taxation, but they will also more than likely be agreeable to fixing a time and the rate of taxation, but they will also more than likely be agreeable to fixing a time when the tax shall cease to be imposed.

This they will be willing to do on the theory that a few years' test would prove the popularity or unpopularity of the tax, and they think that if it should prove popular it can be continued at the pleasure of the voters and of Congress. It is not probable now, however, that the champions of the bill will consent to the striking out of this paragraph.

Confessed and Lynched. colored, who assaulted a white girl aged 10 near Jamaica a few days ago, was lynched

Sunday night by a crowd of 100 whites and negroes. He confessed his crime. After bo-ing strung up he was riddled with bullets. At 4.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon a defective flue in the house occupied by Mrs. Agnes Phillips, at No. 110 Virginia avenue southwest, started a fire which damaged the house to the extent of \$50 before it was extinguished.

PRITISHURG, April 24.—James Newton Hill, con-ricted of the murder of Mrs. Rosa Roetzlar, heard his death warrant read by Sheriff Richards to-day and was led back to his cell weeping. LEBANON, Ind., April 34.—Ed. Workman quar-relied with his wife this morning. He forced his wife to give him some money and started from the house. His wife followed him, when he turned and fired three shots at her, all taking effect.

effect.
CHARRESBUEG, Pa., April 24.—Dr. Joseph
Henry King, a physician who formerly practiced
in Baltimore, Washington, and Hagerstown, was
to-day found guilty of bigamy. He was, according to the testimony, married in Washington
and afterward in this county.

Monustows, N. J., April 93.—Carpenters were busy to-day putting up the scaffold from which August Bergeman will be hanged on Thursday. Hangman Van Hise will conduct the execution. The nurderer is very devout and reads his Biblia almest constantly. WHLESBARKE, Pa., April 24.—Fred Breiling, aged 16 years; Hufford or "Bricky" Barth, 14 years old, and Charley Brown, 15 years old, were arrested to-day on a charge of burglary. There have been numerous stores and houses broken into in this city, and it is alleged the pilferings were traced to the accused.

were traced to the accused.
WILKESBARKE, PA., April 24.—During the sence of her husband last night Mrs. Char.
Connashan says she was called upon by Pet Kearn, who lives in the neighborhood, and to other men. She says Kearn chloroformed house manasched and 800 in money and search of jewelry gone.